When you arrive

Please go to the reception desk detailed in your appointment letter. After this you will be shown where to wait until collected by a radiographer or other member of staff.

Upon collection

Your safety questionnaire will be checked and you will be asked to sign it.

You may be asked to remove your outer garments. You will be asked to remove jewellery (except your wedding ring), cash, keys, credit cards and watches etc and place them in a secure locker.

Who will I see?

You will be cared for by a small team including a radiographer who will perform the examination.

Can I eat and drink afterwards?

Yes, you may eat and drink normally.

When will I get the results?

After the scan the images will be examined by the radiologist who will prepare a report on their findings. This will be sent to your referring clinician.

Finally...

We hope your questions have been answered by this leaflet and your appointment letter, but remember that this is only a starting point for discussion about your examination. Make sure you are satisfied that you have received enough information about the examination, before you sign the patient questionnaire and consent form.

Other sources of information

Websites

For general information about radiology departments, visit the Royal College of Radiologists' website: www.goingfora.com

NHS Direct

For health advice or information you can call NHS Direct on 0845 45647 or visit the website: www.nhsdirect.nhs.uk

Legal notice

Please remember that this leaflet is intended as general information only. It is not definitive, Medical Imaging Partnership cannot accept any legal liability arising from its use. We aim to make the information as up to date and accurate as possible, but please be warned that it is always subject to change. Please therefore always check specific advice on the examination or any concerns you may have with your doctor.

Complaints Procedure

Our policy

We want to give our patients the best possible care. We will investigate any complaints from patients or their representatives thoroughly.

Our procedure

If you are unhappy with the service or care we are providing, please tell a member of staff. If you are still not satisfied, please contact the Director of Operations:
Ph: 01293 534 043
Email jenny.hill@medicalimaging.org.uk

The Director of Operations
Medical Imaging Partnership
Unit7, The Pavilions, Brighton Road,
Pease Pottage, Crawley, West Sussex RH11 9BJ, United Kingdom.





MEDICAL IMAGING PARTNERSHIP
For information about your MRI scan visit
www.medicalimaging.org.uk

Information for patients having an MRI scan



This leaflet tells you about having a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) Scan. It explains what is involved and what the possible risks are. It is not meant to replace informed discussion between you and your doctor, but can act as a starting point for such a discussion.

Whether you are having an MRI scan as a planned or an emergency procedure, you should have sufficient explanation before you sign the patient questionnaire and consent form.



What is an MRI?

MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) is the name given to a technique which builds up pictures of an internal cross-section of the part of the body under investigation.

The large machine is about four feet long and the part that is being scanned is positioned in the centre. The scanner is open at both ends.

It uses a magnetic field and radio waves, together with an advanced computer system. It builds up a series of images, each one showing a thin slice of the area being examined.

These images are very detailed. They can show both bones and soft tissues in the body and provide a great deal of information. Using the computer, the 'slices' can be also be obtained in any direction.

MR images allow doctors to evaluate parts of the body and certain diseases that may not be assessed adequately with other imaging methods such as x-ray, ultrasound, or CT (computed tomography) scanning.

Are there any risks?

As far as is known at present, this is an extremely safe procedure. It does not involve the use of x-rays. You are placed in a very powerful magnetic field. If you have any small pieces of metal inside your body, you should inform the radiographer as in some cases you may not be able to have the examination.

If you have ever had metal fragments, in your eyes, you may need an x-ray before the MRI is done to prove that there are no fragments remaining. If you have a pacemaker, metal heart valves or a metallic clip in your brain, there is a risk that these may be affected during an MR scan, and a different examination will need to be arranged instead.

For female patients, if you are or might be pregnant, you must make sure the doctor referring you or a member of staff in the radiology department knows as soon as possible.

MRI scans are not advisable in early pregnancy unless there

MRI scans are not advisable in early pregnancy unless there are special circumstances.

What happens during the MRI?

You will be taken into the MRI scan room and made comfortable lying on the couch. Pads and pillows may be used to help you stay still and maintain your position during imaging. You may be given a contrast medium (a dye) which helps to produce more detailed images.

The contrast medium will be injected into a vein in your arm, which occasionally causes a warm feeling for a short while. If this is required you may need to have a blood test prior to your scan.

The couch will be moved slowly to position the part of your body being scanned in the centre of the scanner. The radiographers will retire to the control room but you will be able to talk to them via an intercom and they will be watching you all the time. It is important that you remain completely still while the images are being recorded. During the scan, you may well find the machine very noisy and you will be given headphones/ or earplugs to use. If you feel uncomfortable or worried, do mention it immediately to the radiographer.

How long will it take?

The process of taking the images usually takes about 20–30 minutes and your total time in the department is likely to be about 45 minutes.

Are there any side-effects?

No. You can drive home afterwards and return to work as necessary.

Do I need to have any special preparation?

You don't need to have any special preparation for a routine MRI scan. Unless you have been told otherwise, you may eat and drink normally before and after the scan.

Can I bring a relative/friend?

Yes, but for safety reasons they may not be able to accompany you into the scan room, unless there are special circumstances.